

# Energy spectrum in shear flows. A general pre-unstable large set of multiple transient three-dimensional waves and the turbulent state

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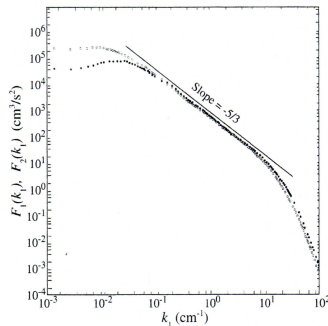
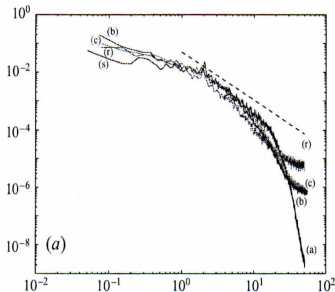
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(left) *Evangelinos & Karniadakis, JFM 1999*. (right) *Champagne, JFM 1978*.



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- The perturbative evolution is ruled out by the **initial-value problem** associated to the Navier-Stokes linearized formulation.



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  - The difference is small  $\Rightarrow$  higher degree of universality on the value of the exponent of the inertial range, not necessarily associated to the nonlinear interaction.



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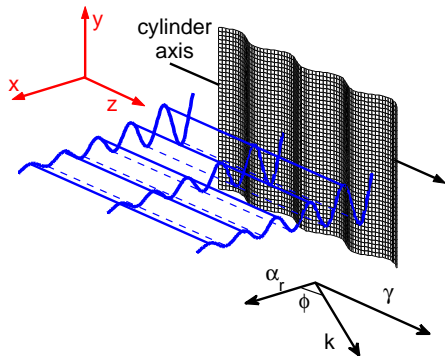
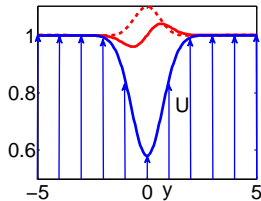
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# Perturbative equations

- Perturbative linearized system:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \hat{v}}{\partial y^2} - (k^2 - \alpha_i^2 + 2i\alpha_r\alpha_i)\hat{v} = \hat{\Gamma}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\Gamma}}{\partial t} = (i\alpha_r - \alpha_i)\left(\frac{d^2 U}{dy^2}\hat{v} - U\hat{\Gamma}\right) + \frac{1}{Re}\left[\frac{\partial^2 \hat{\Gamma}}{\partial y^2} - (k^2 - \alpha_i^2 + 2i\alpha_r\alpha_i)\hat{\Gamma}\right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\omega}_y}{\partial t} = -(i\alpha_r - \alpha_i)U\hat{\omega}_y - i\gamma\frac{dU}{dy}\hat{v} + \frac{1}{Re}\left[\frac{\partial^2 \hat{\omega}_y}{\partial y^2} - (k^2 - \alpha_i^2 + 2i\alpha_r\alpha_i)\hat{\omega}_y\right]$$

The transversal velocity and vorticity components are  $\hat{v}$  and  $\hat{\omega}_y$  respectively,  $\hat{\Gamma}$  is defined as  $\tilde{\Gamma} = \partial_x \tilde{\omega}_z - \partial_z \tilde{\omega}_x$ .

- Initial conditions:

- $\hat{\omega}_y(0, y) = 0$ ;

- $\hat{v}(0, y) = e^{-y^2} \sin(y)$  or  $\hat{v}(0, y) = e^{-y^2} \cos(y)$ ;

- Boundary conditions:  $(\hat{u}, \hat{v}, \hat{w}) \rightarrow 0$  as  $y \rightarrow \infty$ .



# Perturbation energy

- Kinetic energy density  $e$ :

$$\begin{aligned} e(t; \alpha, \gamma) &= \int_{-y_d}^{+y_d} (|\hat{u}|^2 + |\hat{v}|^2 + |\hat{w}|^2) dy \\ &= \frac{1}{|\alpha^2 + \gamma^2|} \int_{-y_d}^{+y_d} (|\frac{\partial \hat{v}}{\partial y}|^2 + |\alpha^2 + \gamma^2| |\hat{v}|^2 + |\hat{w}_y|^2) dy \end{aligned}$$



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- Temporal growth rate  $r$  (*Lasseigne et al., J. Fluid Mech., 1999*):

$$r(t; \alpha, \gamma) = \frac{\log |e(t; \alpha, \gamma)|}{2t}, \quad t > 0$$



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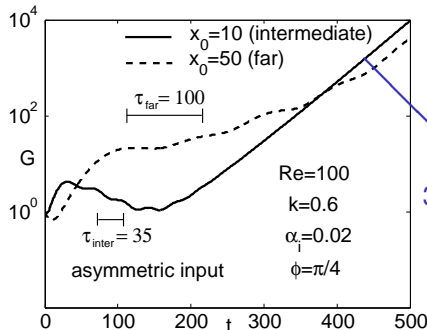
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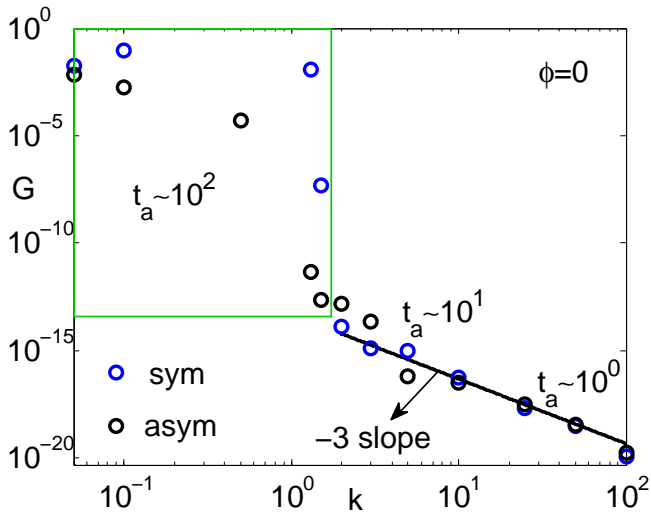
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3D Visualization

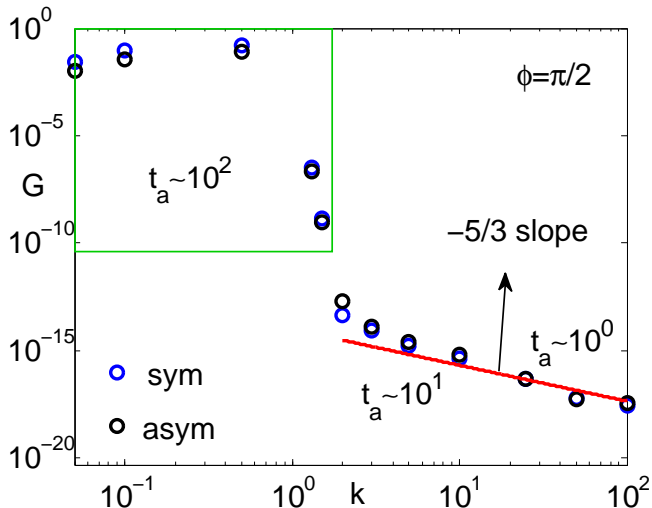


# Energy spectrum for longitudinal waves

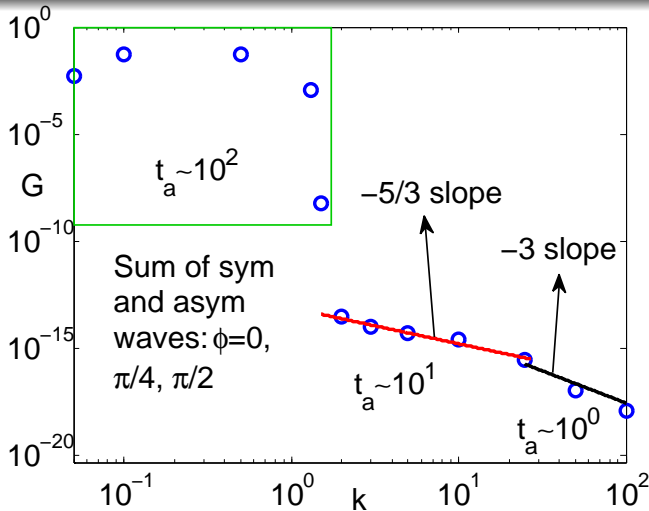




# Energy spectrum for transversal waves



# Energy spectrum of a 2D-3D combined perturbation



*Transient evolution of multiple three-dimensional waves.*



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*Coming next*  $\Rightarrow$  Temporal observation window of a large number of small 3D perturbations injected in a statistical way into the system.

